

METRICS FOR GO ZERO CALCULATOR

Home and Energy Use

FORMULA [xm=c] lbs

Electricity

___(x)___ Kilowatt-hours (kWh) per year

Or, if you don't know your average annual use, please select your home size:

___Single family home ___Town home ___Apartment

(Calc: Single Family Home x = 11,827, Town home x = 6,505, Apartment x = 5,990)

(Calc: m=1.37 lbs)

Natural Gas

___(x)___ therms per year

Or, if you don't know your average annual use, please select your home size:

___Single family home ___Town home ___Apartment

(Calc: Single Family Home x = 944.84, Town home x = 872.95, Apartment x = 369.72)

(Calc: m=11.71 lbs)

Heating Oil

___(x)___ gallons per year

Or, if you don't know your average annual use, please select your home size:

___Single family home ___Town home ___Apartment

(Calc: Single Family Home x = 801, Town home x= 728, Apartment x= 466)

(Calc: m=22.39 lbs)

Propane

___(x)___ gallons per year

Or, if you don't know your average annual use, please select your home size:

___Single family home ___Town home ___Apartment

(Calc: Single Family Home x = 515, Town home N/A x = 0, Apartment x = 87)

(Calc: m=12.4 lbs)

Waste

Garbage ___household average ___individual average

(Calc: Household x = 365 days, Individual x = 365/2 days)

(Calc: m=4.4 lbs)

Recycling ___household average ___individual average

(Calc: Household x = 788.4, Individual x = 423.4)

(Calc: m=2 lbs)

Auto Transportation

Automobiles

FORMULA [zm+a=c] lbs

Vehicle 1:

___(x)___ miles driven per year

Hint: 11,700 miles per year, per vehicle is about average in the U.S.

The fuel efficiency of my vehicle is ___(y)___ miles per gallon (mpg).

Or, if you don't know your vehicle's fuel efficiency, please select its size:

Does your vehicle have an air conditioner? Yes / No

(Calc: Compact or Smaller y = 25.2, Midsize Sedan y = 22.2, Large Sedan y = 21.2, Station

Wagon y = 23.8, Truck or Van y = 17.2, Minivan y = 20.1, Sport Utility y = 18.8)

(Calc: Yes (a=194.9) / No (a=0))

(Calc: x/y = z)

(Calc: m=20 lbs)

Air Travel

FORMULA [xm=c] lbs

___(x)___ air miles flown per year.

(Calc: m=0.4236 lbs)

STEP TWO -- CALCULATE YOUR IMPACT

Calculate Your Impact:

FORMULA [(sum of all c)/m=i] tons

Your estimated CO2 emissions is ___i___ tons per year.

(calc: m=2,000)

You can help to offset your impact by planting ___t___ trees.

FORMULA [i/m=t] trees

(Calc: m=1.33 tons)

STEP THREE – GO ZEROSM

FORMULA [8i=d] USD

Tree Planting	\$d.00
Program Administration	\$5.00
Total	\$ [d.00+5.00]

Sources

Electricity

Carbon Coefficient: 1.37 pounds CO₂/kilowatt-hour

Source for average residential consumption of electricity: Energy Information Administration: Residential Energy Consumption Survey 2001 - Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures Tables available at:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/recs/byfuels/2001/byfuels_2001.html.

Source for national average carbon dioxide emission factor of 1.37 pounds per kWh is calculated from Energy Information Administration/Electric Power Annual 2003, Table ES (December 2004).

Natural Gas

Carbon Coefficient: 11.71 pounds of CO₂ per therm (117.080 pounds CO₂ per million Btu)

Source: Energy Information Administration Voluntary Reporting of Greenhouse Gases Program (Fuel and Energy Source Codes and Emission Coefficients)

<http://www.eia.doe.gov/oiaf/1605/coefficients.html>

Home Heating Oil

Carbon Coefficient: 22.39 pounds CO₂/gallon

Source for average residential consumption of no. 2 distillate fuel (home heating oil): Energy Information Administration: Residential Energy Consumption Survey 2001 - Household Energy Consumption and Expenditures Tables available at:

http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/recs/byfuels/2001/byfuels_2001.html.

Updated source for carbon coefficients: U.S. EPA, US Inventory of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2003, Annex 2.1, Table 2-17.

Propane

Carbon Coefficient: 12.40 lbs CO₂ /gallon

The factors in the U.S. GHG Inventory state that liquefied petroleum gases (LPG) have a carbon content of 17.20 Tg Carbon / QBtu – propane makes up the majority proportion of what is considered LPG. With a conversion, propane has a factor of 12.40 lbs CO₂/gallon.

Waste

Garbage Carbon Coefficient: 4.4 lbs/day/household.

Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1998. Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Selected Materials in Municipal Solid Waste

(<http://yosemite.epa.gov/OAR/globalwarming.nsf/content/ActionsWasteToolsWARM.html>)

"Typical" annual CO₂ emissions of 4,800 lbs were estimated based on a household of two people, per capita waste generation of 4.44 lbs/day, a 25 percent recycling rate, no source reduction, and the national average mix of recyclables.

Auto Transportation

Carbon Coefficient: 20.00 pounds CO₂/gallon

Source for average vehicle mile travel Bureau of Transportation Statistics: Transportation Statistics Annual Report (September 2004)

Source for average 22 mpg per latest stats available from Bureau of Transportation Statistics at http://www.bts.gov/publications/national_transportation_statistics/2005/html/table_04_23.html.

Updated source for carbon coefficients: U.S. EPA, US Inventory of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990-2003, Annex 2.1, Table 2-17.

Air Travel

Carbon Coefficient: 0.424 lbs of CO₂ per mile flown

Air travel definitions and factors are from the GHG Protocol Mobile Combustion Tool.

The emissions factors for short and long haul flights are originally from UK DEFRA.

Long and short flights can be estimated using the GHG Protocol Initiative online tools at

<http://www.ghgprotocol.org>